

Gainesville Daily Sun.

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GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1909

TEN CENTS A WEEK

AMERICAN CONSULATE ONLY A PILE OF RUINS

Bodies of American Consul and Mrs. Cheney Are
Beneath the Great Mass.

CATANIA, Jan. 4.—The system of rescue work in Messina has been greatly augmented by the arrival of troops, who are to be seen all over the ruined city in squads of twenty and thirty patrolling day and night. Bodies of them also are working in the ruins by day and until well into the night.

The movement of refugees from the nearby villages is daily increasing in volume. Of the victims buried under the ruins few have been rescued alive.

It is now clear that the enormous number of casualties in Messina were due to the suddenness with which the first shock came, giving but little time to the people to escape from their homes. The tidal wave was not so high as was at first reported and would have done little damage had it not been preceded by the earthquake. The damage done by fire also was comparatively insignificant.

The first earth shock last Monday morning literally threw down the city and almost every street was completely buried under the walls that had fallen, furniture and other debris, practically cutting off every avenue to escape.

Then came the tidal wave to inundate the city, and the living and dying were caught like rats and drowned or had their brains dashed out by being thrown by the rushing waters against piles of masonry and rubbish.

Ruin of the Consulate.

Far greater havoc was wrought in Messina than was believed when the Associated Press correspondent first passed around the outskirts with Frank Perrett of Brooklyn, N. Y., assistant director of the observatory on Mount Vesuvius. During this tour a most careful examination was made of the American consulate. It is a complete ruin—nothing but a heap of crumbled and crushed stones, without semblance of its original shape. It is most doubtful if the rescuers will be able to reach the bodies buried beneath the debris for a few days, but every effort to do so will be made. The French and Turkish consulates also were razed completely and it seems almost impossible that any of their inmates could have escaped.

Officials in Messina say that the original estimate of the fatalities in the city probably was not exaggerated. The lower part of the city is practically totally destroyed.

ROUND ABOUT LAKE JEFFORDS.

LAKE JEFFORDS, Jan. 4.—C. C. Morrison lost a very fine horse just before Xmas. His two sons, Marvin and Willie, were home for Xmas. They brought the home folks some very handsome presents and the absent boys sent Xmas boxes. I do wish I had a house full of good boys and girls.

Miss Mary Holden is visiting the dear ones at home. Mary is attending school in San Antonio, Fla.

John Holden spent the holidays with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Clements received a fine box from Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Webb, Misses Hester and Lucile, also Master Alexander, Mesdames Strange and Corley, with Miss Margaret Corley, were visiting in our neighborhood last week.

I saw some of our neighbors in Micanopy last Sunday dining at the Carolina House. Miss Kittle Carlton does a fine business.

Will Carlton spent Xmas with his family. He is shipping oranges this week.

On January 1st J. M. Bounds' friends from all around Hawthorn, Lake Jeffords and Lochloosa met at

his fine Sulphur Spring grove, on the banks of the beautiful Lochloosa lake, and gave him a big fish fry and picnic. All had a fine time and I heard one of the boys say "he sure would not need any supper." I felt the same way. Miss Ida Jackson joined the picnic just in time for dinner. She was on her way home from Gainesville, where she had been attending the teachers' meeting.

We will miss the genial Mr. Bounds, as he returned Sunday to his home in Jamestown, N. Y. I just want to say that he is a widower and there were some sort of eyes made at him. Wonder if he noticed them? MIKE.

Lost His Father.

W. P. Coffey was called to Kentucky on Monday by the receipt of a telegram announcing the death of his father at their home at Glasgow. It has only been a short while since Mr. Coffey and his wife returned from their annual visit to the old home, and the news of the death was rather a surprise to them. He has the sympathy of his large number of friends in this city.

If it's printed stationery you want, The Sun office is the place to get it.

Omnibus Claims Bill Will Be Considered

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—On Wednesday the Senate will take up the so-called omnibus claims bills—a big measure, whose passage will bring pay and cash to a large number of persons who have claims against the Government and have been waiting, more or less patiently, for their money.

The legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill, which carries the money for most of the salaries in the various Government departments, also probably will be acted upon this week.

So far there has been no constructive legislation attempted. The Senate has been waiting upon the House, and in doing this has made it apparent that it is not the intention of the

leaders to do much more than pass the usual appropriation bills at this last session of the sixtieth Congress.

A bill will be introduced in both houses of Congress this week to correct defects in the laws governing the administrative features of banking. It was drawn by Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency. It will follow the lines of his testimony which was given to the commission in the presence of the legislative committee of the American Bankers' Association and other prominent National bankers. It is not intended that it shall embrace any proposed changes of the law likely to engender controversy, but that the amendments shall be confined to acknowledged defects.

MESSAGE ON THE SECRET SERVICE

President Replies to Congressional Resolution.

SAYS HE DID NOT HIT AT HOUSE

Language in Annual Communication Called Objectionable by Representatives Will Stand Analysis, Declares Executive—He Renews His Argument For Repeal of Law Limiting Activities of Treasury Agents—Cites Cases in Which They Have Aided in Punishment of Violators of Federal Laws.

Washington, Jan. 4.—In a special message to the house of representatives today President Roosevelt says: To the House of Representatives:

I have received the resolution of the house of representatives of Dec. 17, 1908, running as follows:

Whereas, There was contained in the sundry civil appropriation bill which passed congress at its last session and became a law a provision in reference to the employment of the secret service in the treasury department; and

Whereas, In the last annual message of the president of the United States to the two houses of congress it was stated in reference to that provision, "It is not too much to say that this amendment has been of benefit only and could be of benefit only to the criminal classes," and it was further stated, "The chief argument in favor of the provision was that the congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated by secret service men," and it was further stated, "But if this is not considered desirable a special exception could be made in the law prohibiting the use of the secret service force in investigating members of congress," it would be far better to do this than to do what actually was done and strive to prevent or at least to hamper effective action against criminals by the executive branch of the government; and

Whereas, The plain meaning of the above words is that the majority of the congressmen were in fear of being investigated by secret service men and that congress as a whole was actuated by that motive in enacting the provision in question; and

Whereas, Your committee appointed to consider these statements of the president and to report to the house cannot find in the hearings before committees nor in the records of the house or senate any justification of this impeachment of the honor and integrity of the congress; and

Whereas, Your committee would prefer in order to make an intelligent and comprehensive report, just to the president as well as to the congress, to have all the information which the president may have to communicate; now, therefore, Be it resolved, That the president be requested to transmit to the house any evidence upon which he based his statements that the "chief argument in favor of the provision was that the congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated by secret service men" and also to transmit to the house any evidence connecting any member of the house of representatives of the Sixtieth congress with corrupt action in his official capacity and to inform the house whether he has instituted proceedings for the punishment of any such individual by the courts or has reported any such alleged delinquencies to the house of representatives.

"I Cannot Understand Resolution."

I am wholly at a loss to understand the concluding portion of the resolution. I have made no charges of corruption against congress nor against any member of the present house. If I had proof of such corruption affecting any member of the house in any matter as to which the federal government has jurisdiction, action would at once be brought, as was done in the cases of Senators Mitchell and Burton and Representatives Williamson, Herrmann and Driggs at different times since I have been president. This would simply be doing my duty in the execution and enforcement of the laws without respect to persons. But I do not regard it as within the province or the duties of the president to report to the house "alleged delinquencies" of members or the supposed "corrupt action" of a member "in his official capacity." The membership of the house is by the constitution placed within the power of the house alone. In the prosecution of criminals and the enforcement of the laws the president must resort to the courts of the United States.

Portion of Message Quoted.
In the third and fourth clauses of the

(Continued on Page Six.)

PENSION DEATH ROLL WAS FIFTY THOUSAND

Commissioner Garfield Goes After Unprofessional Attorneys in His Report.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—"The improved methods of administration instituted by Secretary Garfield, having for their purpose the simplification of business without any loss in accuracy or responsibility, have proven of great value," says the head of the Department of the Interior in his annual report made public today.

The report covers a wide field, dealing with the work of the various bureaus embraced within its management, the territories, national parks and reservations, District of Columbia corporations, etc.

Secretary Garfield calls attention to certain unscrupulous and unprofessional acts upon the part of a number of attorneys practicing before the department, which resulted in their disbarment. Some of these have brought mandamus suits for a restoration of their names to the list of those entitled to practice. These cases are now pending, but "in the meantime," the Secretary says, "attorneys will be notified, heard and disbarred in all cases where I am satisfied beyond a

reasonable doubt that their conduct has been disreputable, fraudulent, illegal, or undoubtedly unprofessional."

The recent patent office frauds, resulting in the confession of one defendant, the conviction of another and the acquittal of the third are touched upon, and the statement is made that it was the first case of the kind that had occurred in the 118 years of patent office history. The commissioner of patents, it is stated, has taken steps to provide additional safeguards around the filing of patent papers.

Regarding the movement for the conservation of the natural resources of the country, Secretary Garfield says that it shows the people of the country have fully awakened to the vital necessity of caring for what is left of the public domain.

The pension roll, as usual, piled up an enormous death rate, 59,676 names having been removed on this account. Of these 34,333 were soldiers and sailors of the Civil War. During the entire year the total number of pensioners on the roll was 1,006,53.

BONNIE MELROSE.

MELROSE, Jan. 4.—J. Cole and party have moved into the cottage recently purchased from the Rose-Wood estate.

Mrs. P. Mann of Covington, Ky., has joined her brother, K. Walker, at Ingleside cottage. Mr. Walker was made happy last week by the arrival from Covington of his pet horse. It is one of the finest horses ever seen in Melrose.

Prof. C. W. Hawkins and wife of New York City were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain during the holidays. During their stay they were treated to a trip on the lakes in Mr. Pearsall's motor boat, the "Indian Princess." They were much pleased with our town.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Pearsall of Westfield, N. J., arrived Saturday. Mr. Pearsall is the well-known entertainer of the New York Press Club and will be pleasantly remembered by many

who were present at the entertainment given by him when he was here about eight years ago. It is to be hoped he may give one or two entertainments while here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mizelle of Alachua were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. McRae during the week. Their many friends were pleased to meet them again.

L. Swett of Boston, Mass., is a new arrival in town and is located at Mrs. S. Sutton's.

C. J. Whaley of Charleston, S. C., is visiting Mrs. Barnett.

A numerous crowd paid a surprise visit to Rev. Barr on New Year's night for the purpose of presenting him and his family with numerous tokens of their love and esteem.

How long ago was it that your store—or enterprise—was merely a plan? With aggressive advertising, how long before your plan of what it is yet to become is realized?

To Prohibit Saloons In District Columbia

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The project for a "dry" Washington, which has been urged for years by anti-saloon reformers and has found expression in a bill introduced by Representative Sims, will be considered tomorrow by the House committee on district affairs.

That the people of the National capital will not be allowed to vote on the liquor question is already decided.

The members all agree the prohibition question is one upon which all the people should be satisfied, but they say the plan to allow them to vote would be more difficult to arrange than would the passage of the bill. They also contend that sufficient hearings have been allowed by the district committee for all interested persons to state their approval or objection to the bill introduced by Representative Sims.

If the question were submitted to a vote of the people, say some of the committeemen, Congress would have to give its sanction to it anyway, and, therefore, they contend voting on the

proposition is useless. If the committee approves the bill introduced by Mr. Sims, they say, it will have just as much weight as would a vote of the people.

The population of Washington is made up of residents of so many States, and so many persons who go to their home States to vote, that the suffrage question would be hard to handle, believe the Congressmen. They do not think the ones who vote in other States should be allowed to vote in any election that might be held in Washington, even if it were only on a local issue.

The Government clerks and employees of the district comprise nearly two-thirds of the voting population, and if a question of suffrage were brought up it would be necessary to offset the negro vote, or the whites and blacks would be nearly equally divided. For that reason many of the members of the House oppose any movement to give suffrage to the people. They say it would be next to impossible to eradicate the negro vote.

OFFICERS ELECTED BY BAR ASSOCIATION

COL. ROBT. E. DAVIS UNANIMOUSLY
SELECTED AS PRESIDENT.

Annual Meeting of Distinguished Body
Held on Monday When General
Business Was Transacted.

The regular annual meeting of the Gainesville Bar Association was held on Monday and largely attended.

Besides the regular routine of business that came before this body and was disposed of, an election of officers for the ensuing year was held, the office of president being given unanimously, which confers a mark of high esteem on the member receiving this honor.

Col. Robt. E. Davis was selected as president; B. A. Thrasher, vice-president; C. R. Layton, secretary-treasurer, with J. A. Carlisle and E. E. Voyle, who, together with the above three members, will serve in conjunction as an executive committee.

It is the intention of the members to give a banquet, or spread, and this, one of their leading functions, will occur some time during the next month.

President Davis has quite a number of standing committees to appoint, and this matter will be attended to by the next regular meeting of the association.

Doing a Large Business.

J. F. Horner, member and general manager of the large department store of The G. W. Hyde Company, was in the city from Jacksonville yesterday. Besides the store conducted here, they have others located in different sections of the State, and Mr. Horner is kept busy visiting them. He reports that all are receiving a nice trade. He returned to Jacksonville last night.

Every Mother

Is or should be worried when the little ones have a cough or cold. It may lead to croup or pleurisy or pneumonia—then to something more serious. Ballard's Horehound Syrup will cure the trouble at once and prevent any complication. Sold by W. M. Johnson.

STOVES!

Get ready for
the cold wave
that's coming!

We have one of the
Best and Most Complete
lines of Heating Stoves
for you to select from,
— and at the —
Lowest Cash Prices

We solicit your
patronage and
will make it to
your interest to
buy from US

**GAINESVILLE
HARDWARE CO.**

Both Phones—Bell 99

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

Cleanses the System Effectually. Disperses Colds and Headaches due to Constipation. Acts naturally, acts truly as a Laxative.

Best for Men, Women and Children—Young and Old.

To get its Beneficial Effects Always buy the Genuine which has the full name of the Company

**CALIFORNIA
FIG SYRUP CO.**
by whom it is manufactured, printed on the front of every package.
SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.
one size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle.

AMUSEMENTS

The New Baird Theatre.

John Thompson, in "The Funny Fellows of New York," will be the attraction at The New Baird Theatre tonight.

He gives an entertainment that is said to be very good, and those who attend are promised an evening of rare enjoyment. Prices, 25, 35 and 50 cents.

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Electric Theatre.

Asked about the new addition to moving pictures, that of a machine which by very delicate mechanism combines a graphophone with the picture and causes the persons shown to conduct a conversation in harmony with the scene, the manager of the Electric Theatre states that in the interest of the patrons of that theatre he had investigated the improvement, but so far had found none of the machines sufficiently perfected to justify securing one, or investing the large sum asked for them. Improvements are being made all the time on the machine and when it has reached that point where the conversation will sound natural and follows the scenes of the picture people correctly, he will consider securing one for Gainesville.

Last night a crowded house witnessed a fine list of pictures and throughout this week another series of the best moving pictures on the market will be shown.

TWENTIETH CENTURY CLUB

Hold Monthly Meeting at Home of Mrs. T. W. Shands.

The Twentieth Century Club held its regular meeting on Monday, December 28th, at the home of Mrs. T. W. Shands, in East Gainesville. Owing to the absence of the president, Mrs. T. P. Hay, third vice-president, took the chair.

After the transaction of the business brought before the club the literary program was then taken up by Mrs. Margaret Gross, leader for the afternoon, the subject for the afternoon being "Germany During the Last Half of the XIX Century."

Twenty-one members responded to the roll call, after which Mesdames J. M. Dell, Jr., K. H. Grieve, E. M. Clark, T. B. Stringfellow, George P. Morris, and Miss Robb gave short sketches of the lives and work of several prominent German authors.

Interspersing these sketches were beautiful selections from Beethoven by Miss Julia Wainwright, teacher of music at Stetson University, and from Mendelssohn by Miss Ruth Doig, both of which were greatly enjoyed and appreciated by those present. Miss Mary Baird, of the Florida Female College, also added to the pleasure of the program by giving some of her charming readings which always captivate her audience.

After this interesting program had been completed the club adjourned to meet with Mrs. L. C. Gracy on Monday, January 11th. The hospitable hostess detained the ladies after adjournment and served dainty refreshments, after which a social half hour was pleasantly spent.

PRESS REPORTER.

Stops itching instantly. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, tetter, itch, hives, herpes, scabies—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

SCHOOL OPENS WITH LARGE ATTENDANCE

OVERFLOW ROOM ALREADY WELL
FILLED AT HIGH SCHOOL.

Attendance At All Schools Shows Increase of New Pupils and Spring Term is Very Promising.

The University, Miss Tebeau's and the University High School on Monday opened their doors for the spring term of school, and many new faces were to be seen among the crowds that came in on the opening day.

At the University some new scholars have entered and all seem to be hard at work at the college for the spring term. Much activity is being manifested in the athletic feature there and the boys expect to have a baseball team that will clean up the other colleges of their circuit.

Miss Tebeau's school, which is one of the oldest here, has a special following among the people of this and adjoining counties, and the spring term of her school will show an increase over former sessions.

Prof. Cassels has worked hard to promote the attendance at the high school, and his efforts have not been in vain, for the new overflow room just added has already been well filled. Both he and his assistants have just cause to feel proud of the fine record they are making for this leading high school of the State.

WORK NOW RESUMED.

Delay Caused by Non Arrival of Lumber for Building.

Work on the garage being erected by C. A. Colclough, which has been suspended for the past two weeks, has been resumed and it will now be rushed to completion.

The delay has been occasioned by the non-arrival of lumber which was ordered several weeks since and which was only delivered last week. The building would have otherwise been completed by this time.

Contractor Brewer will now rush the work and if he experiences no delay in getting his orders he will have the building ready to turn over within the next two weeks.

MEETING OF VETERANS.

Elect Officers for Ensuing Year and Other Matters Attended To.

The members of Stonewall Camp, U. C. V., met at the court house on Monday in regular annual session and proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year.

Col. Horatio Davis was elected commander and Capt. J. C. McGrew adjutant for the camp.

A collection for the Shiloh monument was taken, and after several members of the camp paid up their dues an adjournment was taken. Several small matters were discussed and adjusted by the camp.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Melon Growers' Association will be held at the office of the Standard Fertilizer Company at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, January 9th.

F. D. WARNER,
Sec. and Treas.



WORTH CROWING OVER.

We don't attempt to conceal our honest pride in our Eggs, Butter and Cheese. Dairy and farm products have a large share of our careful attention, though we by no means neglect the staples in the way of Canned Goods, Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Spices, Dried Meats, Fish, Etc. Nor do we overlook the table luxuries which add to the joy of living. Everything worth having in the grocery line at

SAUNDERS & EARLE'S

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.



NEW BAIRD THEATRE

LOUIS KALBFELD, Manager

TONIGHT!

JOHN THOMPSON

The only actor in the world who gives an entire Vaudeville Entertainment alone.

Mr. Thompson will appear in his original Musical-Character-Comedy entitled,

"The Funny Fellows of New York"

There is no other entertainment like this, neither has any other actor ever accomplished such an undertaking.

During the performance he will sing about 16 comical songs, all hits.

He will introduce 10 different characters, each character of a different nationality and appropriate dialect.

He will play on the piano, violin, banjo, Chinese fiddle, clarinet and other instruments, as he is a fine musician.

He will tell about 300 funny stories and jokes, some of which are funny enough to make a mule laugh.

As a dancer he has few equals, and any person who does not laugh at the dancing of the Yankee farmer should immediately consult a doctor.

He is also his own orchestra and plays his own music while singing.

He never leaves the stage until the performance ends; he dresses himself, puts on his wigs, "makes up" his face for each character right before the audience so that they can see how an actor "makes up" in his dressing room.

He is a whole troupe of TEN vaudeville artists, including the orchestra.

If you miss this entertainment you will never get another chance to see any one like it because there is none.

Reserved seat tickets on sale Monday at Miller's. Treat yourself to two hours' of joy. Prices, 25, 35 and 50c.

Want advertising is a force which you can harness, and with which you can drive your plans and purposes to any desired destination.

TO Holiday Shoppers

Before making your selections for Holiday Gifts call at our store and inspect our line of

Furniture Suitable for Christmas Presents..

We have everything necessary for the home, and our stock is so varied that the wishes of anyone can be gratified both as to choice and price.

Many pieces that are especially appropriate for the Yule-tide trade.

Gainesville Furniture Co.
Gainesville, Florida.

TELEPHONE TALKS

The Long Distance System

One of the most valuable features of our service, to our subscribers and to the public generally, is our connection with the extensive long distance lines of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the other associated Bell Telephone companies.

We own thousands of miles of long distance lines in the seven States in which we operate and in addition can connect any telephone in our system with lines extending to any other city in which a Bell Telephone system is operated.

These long distance lines are of the most modern and improved construction and are maintained at a high state of efficiency. The Bell systems,

operating in various sections of the country, are uniform in their equipment and in their methods of operating.

Only by reason of this close traffic arrangement between the Bell Telephone companies is it possible to go to a Bell Telephone almost anywhere, ask for "Long Distance" and be put in communication with almost any point in the country.

This vast network of wires, radiating throughout the nation, is used daily in commerce and for social purposes by the banker, the farmer and citizens in all walks of life and our plant here is an important link in this great chain.

**Southern Bell Telephone
and Telegraph Company**

Efficient Service. Reasonable Rates

MISS DORIAN ELLIS MAKES GOOD GAIN

IN YESTERDAY'S VOTE IN GREAT
PIANO CONTEST.

Miss Goldie Lambert Is a New Candidate and Enters Contest With a Flattering Vote.

Today three weeks ago we published the first list of the contestants in the piano contest which is being conducted by The Bush & Safford Piano Co. of Miami through The Sun. Since that day it has been a lively and friendly contest, and as to how well it has taken with the people of this section we have only to refer you to the large vote received by many of the candidates residing in this city and county, as will be seen below.

Yesterday it was generally reported upon the streets that Miss Bessie Dupree, who is second in the race, was going to withdraw from the contest, but we wish to inform the public that such is not the case, as the young lady is in the race to the finish.

We have a new candidate in the race today, Miss Goldie Lambert. Miss Lambert is somewhat of a stranger in Gainesville, but received a very complimentary vote the first day that her name was announced.

Yesterday's ballot was a heavy one, and many of the candidates received a large vote. The leaders still remain in the same position today as they were Sunday.

Below is given the vote as canvassed yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock:

Miss Katherine Halle, city.....	116,710
Miss Bessie Dupree, city.....	109,235
Miss Dorian Ellis, city.....	52,135
Miss Nannie Dickinson, city.....	41,040
Miss M. Daughtrey, city.....	38,700
Miss Alma Fennell, city.....	29,590
Miss Jessie Evans, city.....	25,965
Miss A. Groff, Newberry.....	21,530
Miss Julia Carter, city.....	18,515
Miss A. Strickland, Waldo.....	17,425
Miss E. Stringfellow, Hawthorn	12,265
Mrs. I Ware, High Springs.....	9,055
Miss Estelle Beal, city.....	7,470
Miss Minnie Shaw, Alachua.....	6,710
Miss Mabel Sanchez, city.....	6,260
Miss K. Carlton, Micanopy.....	4,175
Miss Lizzie Sheppard, Bell.....	3,905
Miss Nell DaCosta, city.....	3,895
Miss Alma Sullivan, city.....	3,815
Miss Emma Hudson, city.....	3,555
Miss Annie Beville.....	2,480
Miss Annie Ellis, city.....	1,870
Miss Julia McDonald, city.....	1,460
Miss Ethel Jolly, Waldo.....	1,445
Miss Ruby Albright.....	1,120
Mrs. A. W. Sargent.....	1,090
Miss Goldie Lambert, city.....	900
Miss L. Sanders, Hawthorn.....	650
Miss Florrie Strickland.....	620
Miss M. Fernandez, city.....	605

NEWS OF CITY AND COUNTY CONDENSED

Dr. C. L. Crow's lecture tonight on German Literature will be on Klopstock.

The genial T. J. Capers of Jacksonville is greeting his many Gainesville friends.

B. W. Waits of Hawthorn, a prominent citizen of that section of the county, was in the city yesterday.

H. W. Bruce of Fairbanks, a prosperous planter of that section, was among the visitors to the city Monday.

Miss Mamie Wilcox, who has been visiting in the city for the past two weeks, returned to her home at Wilcox yesterday.

C. C. Drummond, one of the progressive planters of the West End, was meeting his large number of friends in the city yesterday.

C. V. McKinstry and wife of Tioga arrived in the city on Sunday. The latter will spend the week visiting her parents, Capt. and Mrs. A. W. Taylor.

M. A. Densler of Newberry was among the visitors here yesterday. He is conducting one of the hotels at that place and reports business good. Chas. Summers, the new county commissioner of the Trenton district, arrived in the city yesterday to be present today to assume his new duties.

Capt. W. A. Bryant of Bell was among the visitors to the city yesterday. He does not come to the city often and his numerous friends are always glad to see him.

Mrs. Catherine Healey, Miss Schai-

..PAINT..

DAVIS
100 Per Cent
PURE

A Word to the Wise
Is Sufficient

BAIRD HARDWARE CO.

del and Miss Healey, all of Hagerstown, Md., have arrived in the city and are guests of Mrs. A. O. Steenburg, on East Main street, north.

W. L. Bennett of LaCrosse, a prosperous planter of that section, was meeting his numerous acquaintances here yesterday. The Sun acknowledges an agreeable call from the gentleman.

W. H. Gay, Trenton; C. Rain, Archer; J. M. Shaw, Alachua; Hon. W. M. Blitch, Santa Fe; T. M. Venable Arredondo, and W. L. Bennett of LaCrosse were welcome visitors to The Sun office yesterday.

Mrs. A. H. Emerson and son, Lucius, of Tacoma, are in the city, the guests of Mrs. H. H. McCreary. They are en route to St. Augustine, where the latter will resume his studies in the institute for the blind.

Chas. Pinkson returned yesterday from Cedar Key with Ed Stuart and carried him to Leesburg, where he was turned over to the authorities for robbery. He had stolen the pistol from the grip of Conductor Ray.

J. H. Barry, an old Confederate veteran of Worthington Springs, was among the visitors to the city yesterday, having come for the purpose of attending the annual meeting of Stonewall Camp, U. C. V., of this county.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Blood Bitters makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

F. J. Huber, ticket agent for the Coast Line at Ocala, returned to that place yesterday, after having spent the past few days visiting at his old home at Bronson. He has a large number of friends here who were glad to meet him.

W. B. Ellis of Cedar Key was in the city yesterday. He states that business is good in the Gulf city and that a great many fish and oysters are being shipped from that point, as is always the case when the weather is favorable.

Carl Frederic Ohlenmacher of Scottsville, Ky., who has been visiting his friend, Eli Futch, for the past several days, departed yesterday for his home. He was well pleased with the city and is thinking of coming here next fall and opening up a conservatory of music.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Does not Color the Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor is composed of Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinia, Sodium Chloride, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume.

Show this to your doctor. Ask him if there is a single injurious ingredient. Ask him if he thinks Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from this formula, is the best preparation you could use for falling hair, or for dandruff. Let him decide. He knows.

LENGTHY SESSION OF MAYOR DAVIS' COURT

NEGROES HAD GENERAL FAMILY
ROW IN PORTER'S QUARTERS.

Fines Aggregate Seventy-Five Dollars
for the Morning Session, Some of
Which Have Been Paid.

Several negroes engaged in a family row Sunday afternoon in Porter's quarters and created quite a stir in the settlement, requiring the services of Marshal Arnow to take them in charge.

Marion Rowe and Butch Tisbee had ordered a jug of "booze" and were drinking together, after which they got to fighting, and several families in the neighborhood were about to come together when the marshal arrived.

Marion Rowe, who had his head and face wrapped in bandages, was the first to be called by the Mayor, and he told the judge that they desired to compromise the matter. The judge heard the testimony and fined him \$25 and costs.

Butch Tisbee, the evidence being about the same, was given a similar fine of \$25 and costs. He was cut on the arm and other places.

William Rowe, father of the boy that got the worst of the fight, was taxed \$10 and costs because he got his gun and was going to the assistance of his son.

Pearl Rowe, who was also figuring in the scrap, was discharged, the evidence being insufficient to convict.

Sophia Jackson, a peace-maker who was cut in an effort to separate the combatants, was turned loose.

Ike Brown, the lunny man who gave bond, failed to put in his appearance.

James Glass, a negro who presses clothes, was given \$15 and costs for hitting a negro in the head with a bottle several days since.

Chas. McDonald and W. W. Geary, arrested for doing business without a license, were let off upon promise to pay at once.

Charged With Highway Robbery.

Deputy Sheriff L. E. Story of Windsor arrested J. W. Brown of the same place near Grove Park Monday and brought him here on a charge of highway robbery, which was preferred by B. Lillenblum.

The case was heard before County Judge Mason on Monday and the defendant required to furnish a bond of \$500 for his appearance at the next term of circuit court.

B. Lillenblum is the prosecutor and he alleges that Brown stole a Stilson pipe wrench from him.

Brown, it will be remembered, has figured in the courts here for the past several months.

The Meanest Man in Town

Is the one who always wears a frown, is cross and disagreeable, and is short and sharp in his answers. Nine cases out of ten it's not the poor fellow's fault, it's his liver and digestion that make him feel so miserable—he can't help being disagreeable. Are you in danger of getting into that condition? Then start at once taking Ballard's Herbine for your liver—the safe, sure and reliable vegetable regulator. Sold by W. M. Johnson.

Informal Whist Party.

Miss Elise Walker entertained at bridge whist at her home yesterday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Nell Broward of Jacksonville. It was an informal affair, there being only three tables.

Miss Broward is one of Jacksonville's most fascinating young ladies, and is very popular among the young society people of Gainesville. She will be here for a few days.

Sent Up From High Springs.

Steve Hart, a negro, was sent up by Justice M. A. Bexley of High Springs for stealing a ride on the Coast Line last Monday, and will have to serve six months for this offense. He is now in jail waiting to be conveyed to the camps, when he will have a short ride free.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 29 N. MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HIGH-GRADE VEGETABLE SEEDS

It pays the farmer to plant only the best. It's a question not of "how cheap," but of "how good."

Our Seeds Have the Reputation of Being Pure and Reliable.

We are now booking orders for Peas and other seasonal seeds. We will be glad to send you prices on request.

W. H. MIXSON SEED COMPANY - Charleston, S. C.

JACKSONVILLE BROKERAGE COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, ETC.

Rooms 11-15 Baldwin Building, Jacksonville, Fla.

We buy and sell Local Securities of All Kinds. Correspondence invited.

ESTHER S. JORDAN.

W. W. HAMPTON.

JORDAN & COMPANY INSURANCE

PORTER BLOCK

GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Fire, Life and Accident

In the oldest and best companies

..PRUDENT MEN..



Should be consistent and be prudent in everything. Your prudence shouldn't consist in trying to keep the house from getting on fire, but by having it insured in time so that if it does take fire you can claim indemnity for your loss from a good, solid insurance company. See us about a policy without delay.

A. M. CUSHMAN, Agent, Gainesville, Florida

ORLANDO WEEKS STILL IN SERIOUS CONDITION

RESULT OF EXPLOSION LAST
WEEK OF ACETYLENE GAS.

Was Taken to Hotel at Time of Accident and is Still Unable to Be Removed.

Orlando Weeks, the barber of Waldo who was injured the first of last week in an explosion of the acetylene gas plant of that place, is still reported in a serious condition and fears are entertained for his recovery.

He had only recently taken charge of the plant, and as some of the pipes had become stopped up and would not furnish the necessary light the unfortunate man went into the storage tank house with a lighted lantern, which caused the accident.

The tank was filled with the gas supplied by the water and carbide, and the man, evidently not thinking that this part could still be working, made the step that will probably cause him his life.

Following the accident he was taken to the Waldo House, where he still remains and is unable to be removed. He is constantly spitting blood, and at times great quantities of blood flows from his mouth, which causes

WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE

An Offer Backed Up by One of the Most Reputable Concerns in Gainesville.

We will either cure you of constipation or pay for all the medicine used during the trial. You pay us nothing if we fail. That's a mighty broad statement, and we mean every word of it. We will back it up with our own personal reputation, too. Could anything be more fair and secure for you?

The most scientific, common sense treatment is Rexall Orderlies. Their active principle is a very recent scientific discovery that is odorless, colorless and tasteless; very pronounced, gentle and pleasant in its action, and particularly agreeable in every way. This ingredient does not cause any diarrhoea, nausea, flatulence or griping. Rexall Orderlies are as pleasant to take as candy and are particularly good for children and delicate persons.

If you suffer from chronic or habitual constipation, or the associate or dependent chronic ailments, we urge you to try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Remember, you can only get them at our stores. Two sizes, 25c and 10c. J. W. McCollum & Co., corner East Main and Union streets.

his friends to believe that he is badly injured internally.

Everything possible has been done for his relief.

Death of Mrs. Wheeler.

Mrs. Annie C. Wheeler, widow of the late Col. W. B. Wheeler, died at the National Odd Fellows' Sanitarium yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, after a long illness. The body will be embalmed and removed to the residence of Phillip Miller, to await the arrival of her son, Capt. Harry C. Wheeler of Arizona, who is on his way here and is expected to arrive today. Notice of the funeral will be given later.

Scientific Spanking

Consists in punishment only when a child is actually bad. Some mothers think that all crying is badness—it's not. When your baby cries, look for pins or some external cause; if you can't find them give the baby White's Cream Vermifuge, as the chances are it is suffering from worms which keep it hungry and cross all the time. Pleasant to take—sure in its action. Price 25 cents. Sold by W. M. Johnson.

School Board to Meet.

The county school board will hold their regular monthly meeting today and transact the general business that will come before them. This will be the last meeting of the old board and the new board will be organized today.

Meeting of Commissioners.

The last meeting of the old Board of County Commissioners was in session on Monday, a full membership being present to wind up the affairs and turn the duties over to their successors, who will be sworn into office today.

Too Much Face.

You feel as if you had one face too many when you have neuralgia, don't you? Save the face—you may need it, but get rid of the neuralgia by applying Ballard's Snow Liniment. Finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, cuts, scalds, lame back and all pains. Sold by W. M. Johnson.

COL. BAXTER GETS PLUM.

Has Accepted Position of Private Secretary to Senator Fletcher.

E. G. Baxter, one of the leading young members of the local bar, has accepted the position of secretary to U. S. Senator D. U. Fletcher. Socially, professionally and politically Mr. Baxter easily ranks high in Gainesville and Alachua county. A young man of sterling character, unquestioned integrity, fine education, judicial temperament, and charming manners, he is especially fitted for the responsibilities and duties of the office he has accepted.

Not only is Mr. Baxter a most amiable man, of fine understanding and qualified for his new duties, but he is a man in whom loyalty to friends is a virtue, and equivocation and "cabalistic" methods are unknown to him.

Mr. Baxter won his Bachelor's degree in the East Florida Seminary, a college which, before its abolition by the Buckman law, trained more prominent Floridians than all the other colleges in the State combined. He won the highest honors of his class and was awarded the first medal in the oratorical contest of the graduating class. After a course in the law department of Stetson University he was admitted to practice in 1905. His practice is a large one, his clients being among some of the leading business factors in this section of the State. He enjoys the full confidence and esteem of the Alachua bar, who in common with his thousands of warm friends throughout the county and State, join in extending Senator Fletcher congratulations in securing his services.

For a mild, easy action of the bowels, a single dose of Doan's Regulets is enough. Treatment cures habitual constipation. 25 cents a box. Ask your druggist for them.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoar*

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR LETTERS PATENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will apply to the Governor of the State of Florida, at Tallahassee, Florida, on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1909, for Letters Patent incorporating the Newberry Stable Company, under the following proposed charter, the original of which is now on file in the office of the Secretary of State, of the State of Florida.

C. D. DENNIS,
G. T. KENNARD,
E. LEE HUGHES.

Proposed Charter of Newberry Stable Company.

The undersigned hereby associate themselves together for the purpose of becoming incorporated and forming a corporation under the laws of the State of Florida, with and under the following proposed charter:

I—The name of this corporation shall be NEWBERRY STABLE COMPANY, and its principal office and place of business shall be in the Town of Newberry, Alachua county, Florida.

II—The general nature of the business or businesses to be transacted by said company shall be the conducting and operating of a livery, sale and feed stable, buying and selling of goods, wares and merchandise, horses, cows and other live stock, vehicles and harness, and the renting and hiring of the same, and generally to do and perform any and all acts and things that may be necessary or incident to such businesses above mentioned, and to have, exercise and enjoy all the rights, powers and privileges incident to corporations organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Florida.

III—The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be \$15,000.00 to be divided into 150 shares of the par value of \$100.00 each.

The amount of capital stock subscribed for herein, which represents more than ten per cent of the whole, shall be paid in in stock and merchandise at an appraisement thereof to be made by the Board of Directors of such corporation, and the balance thereof shall remain in the treasury to be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may designate.

IV—The term for which said corporation shall exist shall be 25 years.

V—The business of said corporation shall be conducted by the following officers: President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer and a Board of three Directors. The offices of Secretary and Treasurer shall be held by one person. The Directors and the officers above mentioned shall be elected by the stockholders at each annual meeting.

The annual meeting of this corporation shall be held on the first Thursday in January of each year. The date of the annual meeting may be changed by the by-laws.

Until the officers elected at the

S.S.S. REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CATARRH

No remedy that does not entirely remove the cause of Catarrh from the blood will ever make a permanent cure of the trouble. Just as long as the circulation remains contaminated with the impurities and catarrhal matters which produce the trouble, the mucous membranes or inner linings of the body will be kept in a state of irritation and disease. Sprays, lotions and other local applications will sometimes temporarily relieve the tight, full feeling in the head, buzzing noises in the ears, uncomfortable, stuffy feeling of the nostrils, and help to loosen the mucus in the throat; but Catarrh is a constitutional blood disorder and until it has been entirely driven from the system there can be no permanent cure. S. S. S. cures Catarrh by removing the cause from the blood. It attacks the disease at its head and by thoroughly purifying and cleansing the circulation, and ridding it of every particle of impurity, and at the same time enriching the blood, allows the inflamed and irritated membranes to heal, improves the general health, and stops every disagreeable symptom. S. S. S. reaches down to the very bottom and leaves no trace of the disease in the system. Book on Catarrh and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THE DUTTON BANK

GAINESVILLE, FLA.

Capital, Full Paid, \$75,000.00

W. R. THOMAS, President
E. D. TURNER, Cashier

C. W. CHASE, 1st Vice-Pres.
G. K. BROOME, 2d Vice-Pres.

CONDENSED FROM REPORT FOR THE STATE COMPTROLLER December 31st, 1908:

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$284,318 82	Capital.....\$ 75,000 00
Bonds.....10,700 00	Surplus and Profits.....17,591 74
Due from Banks and B'krs 52,250 32	Deposits.....322,545 08
Real Estate.....20,000 00	Cashier's Checks.....332 11
Furniture and Fixtures.....16,416 33	
Overdrafts.....568 85	
Cash in Vaults.....31,219 61	
Total.....\$415,468 93	Total.....\$415,468 93

State of Florida, }
County of Alachua, } ss
I, E. D. Turner, cashier of The Dutton Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. D. TURNER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this December 31st, 1908.
C. F. GOODMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: W. R. Thomas, Geo. K. Broome, H. F. Dutton, Directors.

first election shall be qualified, the business of this corporation shall be conducted by the following named officers: C. D. Dennis, President; G. T. Kennard, Vice-President, and E. Lee Hughes, Secretary and Treasurer, and the following named persons as Directors: C. D. Dennis, G. T. Kennard and E. Lee Hughes.

VI—The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time subject itself shall be \$12,500.00.

VII—The names and residences of the subscribers of said corporation, with the amount of capital stock subscribed by each, are as follows:

C. D. Dennis, 10 shares, Gainesville, Florida.

G. T. Kennard, 10 shares, Newberry, Florida.

E. Lee Hughes, 10 shares, Dutton, Florida.

State of Florida, }
County of Alachua, }

Before me personally appeared C. D. Dennis, G. T. Kennard and E. Lee Hughes, each of whom are well known to me and known to me to be the individuals described in and who subscribed to and executed the foregoing charter, and severally acknowledged that they executed the same for the uses and purposes therein contained and expressed.

C. D. DENNIS,
G. T. KENNARD,
E. LEE HUGHES.

Acknowledged and subscribed to before me this 30th day of November, A. D. 1908.
F. E. DENNIS,
Notary Public, State of Florida. My commission expires May 10, 1909.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR TAX DEED UNDER SECTION 8 OF CHAPTER 4888, LAWS OF FLORIDA.

Notice is hereby given that Sol Warren, purchaser of Tax Certificate No. 120, dated the 6th day of August, A. D. 1908, has filed said certificate in my office, and has made application for tax deed to issue in accordance with law. Said certificate embraces the following described property situated in Alachua county, Florida, to-wit: S 1/4 of N 1/4 and N 1/4 of S 1/4 and N 1/4 of S 1/4 of Sec. 26, Tp. 9 S., R. 17 East.

The said land being assessed at the date of the issuance of such certificate in the name of E. Van Espen.

Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, tax deed will issue thereon on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1909.

Witness my official signature and seal this 14th day of December, A. D. 1908.

S. H. WILKES,
Clerk Circuit Court Alachua Co., Fla.

By M. S. CHEVES, D. C.

Breads, Cakes and Pies

Having repaired and renovated our Bakery, we are now prepared to give you excellent service. Have our wagon stop at your door every morning.

KEYSTONE BAKERY

R. T. Schafer, Prop. Phone 165

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Colds—Prevents Pneumonia

WILLIAMS' MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE

211 West Bay St. P. O. Box 401. Jacksonville, Fla.

J. J. WILLIAMS, Proprietor

CASE GOODS, EXPRESS PAID.

DeSoto Rye.	
4 Full Quarts.....	\$ 5.00
6 Full Quarts.....	7.00
12 Full Quarts.....	12.75
12 Full Quarts (freight paid).....	12.00
Williams' No. 10 Rye.	
4 Full Quarts.....	\$ 3.20
6 Full Quarts.....	4.50
12 Full Quarts.....	9.00
Old Halifax Rye.	
4 Full Quarts.....	\$ 4.20
6 Full Quarts.....	6.00
12 Full Quarts.....	12.00
Sunny South Rye.	
4 Full Quarts.....	\$ 2.75
6 Full Quarts.....	4.00
12 Full Quarts.....	8.00
26 Full Pints.....	12.00
Yellowstone Bourbon.	
4 Bottles.....	\$ 5.40
Case.....	\$12.75
Old Boone—Express Collect.	
Bottled in bond by U. S. Government.	
1 Full Quart.....	\$ 1.25
4 Full Quarts, express paid.....	5.00
12 Full Quarts, express paid.....	12.75
24 Full Pints, express paid.....	13.75
48 Full 1-2-pints, express paid.....	15.00

Old Homestead Corn Whiskey.
One gallon jug, express paid...\$ 2.50

Special Offer.

Idlebrook Whiskey in Drums—Distillery Bottling—Express Collect.
100 Pints in drum.....\$23.00
200 Half-Pints in drum.....33.00
Sold only in drum—will not break drum.

Corn Whiskey—Express Collect.

Rocky Fork, per bottle.....\$ 1.00
Rocky Fork, per case.....12.00
N. C. White, better.....2.00
N. C. White, fine.....2.50
Laurel Valley Corn.....3.00

Rye Whiskey—Express Collect.

Per Gal.
Queen City.....\$2.00
Sunny South.....2.50
Rye Malt.....3.00
Hurdle Rye, Special.....4.00
Overholt.....4.00
Rich Hill.....4.00
Planter.....5.00
Old Boone.....6.00
Williams' Private Seal.....6.00

Alcohol
One Grade Only and jug.....\$4.00

SEND US A TRIAL ORDER

THE GAINESVILLE NATIONAL BANK

EXTENDS COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON TO ITS MANY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS : : :

T. W. Shands, President
Wm. R. Steckert, Vice-President
Chas. A. Faircloth, Cashier

TELEPHONE

LONG-DISTANCE SYSTEM

Covers the south to Floral City; east to Ocala and beyond; west to Suwannee River; north to Alachua, High and Worthington Springs, Cedar Key, and all intermediate

TOWNS, PHOSPHATE MINES, STILLS, SAW-MILLS AND FARMS
Message and Answer for One Price.

East Florida Telephone Co
The Long-Distance System

Start the New Year RIGHT

BY CALLING FOR

PEPSI-COLA

and UNIVERSITY BRAND Soft Drinks

Manufactured by

THE GAINESVILLE BOTTLING WORKS

The Sun

Entered at the Post Office at Gainesville, Fla., as second-class mail matter.

H. H. McCREARY, Editor and Publisher

F. M. PREWITT, Supt. Composing Rooms

OFFICE: 1. MAN BLOCK
25 W. Main Street, S. TELEPHONE 270

THE DAILY SUN, published every morning except Monday, delivered by carrier in the city, or mailed to any part of the United States, postage free, for \$5 a year; \$2.50 six months; \$1.25 three months; or 50 cents for five weeks—strictly in advance.

Reading notices in local column costs a line for first insertion, and 5 cents for each additional insertion.

Rates for display advertising made known on application.

The Twice-a-Week Sun is an eight page, forty-column paper, published every Monday and Thursday, and contains all the news of the week, local, State and general, and will be mailed, postage free, to any part of the United States or Canada, for \$1.00 a year—in advance.

All advertising bills become due after first appearance of advertisement, unless otherwise stipulated in contract. Parties not known to us will be required to pay for advertising in advance. Address, THE DAILY SUN, GAINESVILLE, FLA.

Answer an ad. today—beginning the new year right.

No more "half-way advertising" for your store—and you will no longer have a half-way kind of a store.

Are you still "making good," or has that resolution you made gone to keep company with those of former years?

It is reported that the production of phosphate will be largely curtailed the present year by the shutting down of some of the largest plants in the State.

A cleaner man socially, politically and in business affairs never held office than Albert W. Gilchrist, who will at noon today take the oath of office as Governor of Florida.

L. M. Johnson has retired from the management of The Leesburg Commercial, and J. C. Compton, for twenty years superintendent of schools of Lake county, has assumed the editorship and management of that paper. Mr. Compton is in every way qualified to give the people of Lake county a good newspaper, and The Sun predicts that he will do so in every particular. We welcome him as a member of the press "gang."

Two autocars of approved strength and capacity have been ordered for use of President-elect Taft, after March 4th. Judge Taft is an honorary vice-president of the American Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. It has been suggested that the society and his belief in its principles has had something to do with his decision not to use horses. Judge Taft is fond of riding horseback and of companionship in his rides, and he has said that conversation takes his mind off the sufferings of his horse.

Atlanta's experiment with the probation of persons convicted in the city recorder's court has proven a great success. Hundreds of persons have reformed and become good citizens under this law who, had they been sent to the chain gang instead of being given the chance to reform, would have become confirmed criminals and their families left without support. Especially has the law proven a success in cases of persons convicted of drunkenness and non-support of their families. The probation officers keep a close watch on those released on probation and make regular reports to the head of the bureau of probation.

In a Federal court in Portland, Me., a grand jury has returned "not a true bill" in an indictment of a local company as a "sardine trust" violating the laws. This corporation, it appears, collects great quantities of the small herring that swarm on the Maine coast, packs them in neat boxes in cotton seed oil, and then, through the protection of the tariff, uses them to compete with sardines collected on the Sardinian coast of the Mediterranean. There is no infraction of the pure food law—the little herrings are not adulterated—and the Maine merchants are acting in strict accordance with the tariff law, which enables them to foist an inferior and spurious article on the public.

NO MORE OPEN SALOONS.

That it is only a question of time when there will be no licensed saloons in the South must be evident to those who have watched the progress of the anti-saloon movement during the past few years. Some provision will no doubt be made for dispensing liquors under certain restrictions in most of the States, but the open saloon is doomed.

Referring to Atlanta's experience of one year without the open saloon, The Constitution of January 3rd says:

"Police court figures for the year 1908 pay eloquent tribute to the absence of the open bar-room.

"To the closing of the saloon must be chiefly attributed the decrease of \$819 in the number of arrests by the police last year, as compared with the record of 1907.

"To that fact, also, it follows, is due the decrease of \$34,350 in the amount of fines collected in recorder's court and of \$10,388 in the value of the fines worked out on the streets.

"Add to the \$35,000 saving in police court fines the amount of money which that would also represent as having been spent across the standing bar for intoxicants which resulted in the arrests, and there was quite a comfortable sum saved to families who would, no doubt, have otherwise found themselves at times in distressing and needy circumstances.

"The experiment of the abandonment of the saloon, therefore, cannot be questioned; its success is established in these figures, which, in similar proportion, will undoubtedly be found in other communities from which the saloon has now disappeared.

"It may be accepted, then, as a settled fact that whatever system of regulation Georgia may ultimately see fit to apply to the trade in bottle and package, not to be consumed on the premises, which exists in the State in degree but little abated, the saloon has gone for good and those who are even remotely anticipating its return are indulging a fatuous hope.

"The saloon was one of the chief agencies in the consumption of intoxicants; its presence was an invitation to the easy and frequent indulgence in the social drink.

"No better proof is obtainable of its evil influence in the community, considering the fact that liquor in wholesale quantities is about as easy to get as ever.

"Georgia may or may not determine in the future to regulate that feature of the traffic which now exists unregulated and unrestrained, and without revenue to the State, but whatever the State may do in that direction, the saloon cannot come back.

"It is gone forever from Georgia."

The tariff controversy continues, notwithstanding the holiday lull throughout the country, and will continue to be the main topic of discussion until the end of the extra session to be called by the new President after the fourth of March, for the revision of the Dingley act. A long time ago when the Moorish pirates crept from their lair at Tarifa near Gibraltar to levy tribute from ships sailing upon the Mediterranean they were engaged in lawless, piratical warfare upon trade which it was necessary for civilized nations to suppress. These pirates have been long since quieted and their seaport, Tarifa, from which the name of the system came, is abandoned. The legalized tariff tribute upon commerce still flourishes in its most flagrant form in the Dingley act. The question is, how much longer will this legal system of piracy be permitted to levy tribute upon the industries and trade of the greatest nation of the world.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,

(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Pensacola Journal says: "Governor-elect Gilchrist was quoted in a contemporary the other day as declaring that he kept his hand upon his mouth for fear he might disobey the scriptural injunction and in asking for blessings might fail to realize them by asking 'amiss.' But that is just what many of his literary advisers have been urging him to do—ask a miss. General Gilchrist should not give too much heed to the teachings of those three Japanese friends of his as to manual training with respect to the eyes, ears and mouth. Everybody believes he is going to make a good Governor and in order to realize expectations he will have to keep a sharp eye and attentive ear to what is going on in the different corners of the State. Yes, and he will find that the time will come when a judicious use of strong phrases will have a most quieting and beneficent effect."

This country has about one-fourth of the aggregate foreign trade of the South American Republics. In the year 1907 it aggregated \$2,100,000,000. Europe gets three-fourths of this trade. Mr. Barrett, chief of the Bureau of American Republics, suggests that in order to compete with Europe we must establish better mail and passenger service on both Atlantic and Pacific sides, as well as to secure inter-banking facilities and send as commercial travelers refined and tactful men who can speak Spanish fluently. This is no doubt well, and in fact indispensable, but Mr. Barrett has failed to indicate the most important step, which will be the repeal of our repellant navigation and tariff laws. It is folly to expect to sell in markets where we refuse to buy.

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Is Rivalled by Human Hair Where Dandruff is Eradicated.

Sealskin is admired the world over for its softness and glossiness; and yet the human hair is equally as soft and glossy when healthy; and the radical cause of all hair trouble is dandruff, which is caused by a pestiferous parasite, that saps the vitality of the hair at its root. Newbro's Herpicide is the only preparation that is fatal to the dandruff germ. Without dandruff there is no falling hair, but a luxuriant growth of glossy, soft hair is certain. Scouring the scalp won't cure dandruff. Kill the dandruff germ. Thousands of women owe their beautiful suits of hair to Newbro's Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Two sizes—50 cents and \$1.00.

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FOR MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big 6 for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 2 bottles \$2.00. Circular sent on request.

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KING OF ALL LINIMENTS CURES RHEUMATISM AND ALL PAIN

CURES NEURALGIA, SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES, BURNS, SORES, OLD SORES, CRICKS IN BACK, RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, STIFF JOINTS, CONTRACTED MUSCLES, SPRAINED ANKLES, CORN HUSKER'S SPRAINED WRISTS, FROSTED FEET, GONORRHOEA, CHILBLAINS, AND ALL INFLAMMATIONS OF SKIN OR MEAT.

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READ THIS REMARKABLE CURE

"I was much afflicted with rheumatism, writes Ed. C. Nad, Iowa, Sedgwick Co., Kansas, 'going about on crutches and suffering a great deal of pain. I was induced to try Ballard's Snow Liniment, which cured me, after using three 50c bottles. IT IS THE GREATEST LINIMENT I EVER USED; have recommended it to a number of persons, all express themselves as being benefited by it. I now walk without crutches, and am able to perform a great deal of light labor on the farm.'"

THREE SIZES: 25c, 50c AND \$1.00 BALLARD SNOW LINIMENT CO. ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

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MESSAGE ON THE SECRET SERVICE

(Continued from Page Six.)

ed and was appointed in the interior department to carry on this work. The first thing he discovered was that the special agents' division or corps of detectives of the land office of the interior department was largely under the control of the land thieves, and in consequence the investigations above referred to had to be made by secret service men.

If the present law, for which Messrs. Tawney, Smith and the other gentlemen I have above mentioned are responsible, had then been in effect this action would have been impossible and most of the criminals would unquestionably have escaped. No more striking instance can be imagined of the desirability of having a central corps of skilled investigating agents who can at any time be assigned, if necessary in large numbers, to investigate some violation of the federal statutes, in no matter what branch of the public service. In this particular case most of the men investigated who were public servants were in the executive branch of the government. But in Oregon, where an enormous acreage of fraudulently alienated public land was recovered for the government, a United States senator, Mr. Mitchell, and a member of the lower house, Mr. Williamson, were convicted on evidence obtained by men transferred from the secret service, and another member of congress was indicted.

Stopped Naturalization Frauds.

From 1901 to 1904 a successful investigation of naturalization affairs was made by the secret service, with the result of obtaining hundreds of convictions of conspirators who were convicted of selling fraudulent papers of naturalization. (Subsequently congress passed a very wise law providing a special service and appropriation for the prevention of naturalization frauds, but unfortunately at the same time that the action against the secret service was taken congress also cut down the appropriation for this special service, with the result of crippling the effort to stop frauds in naturalization.) The fugitives Greene and Gaynor, implicated in a peculiarly big government contract fraud, were located and arrested in Canada by the secret service, and, thanks to this, they have since gone to prison for their crimes.

The secret service was used to assist in the investigation of crimes under the peonage laws, and owing partly thereto numerous convictions were secured and the objectionable practice was practically stamped out, at least in many districts. The most extensive smuggling of silk and opium in the history of the treasury department was investigated by agents of the secret service in New York and Seattle and a successful prosecution of the offenders undertaken. Assistance of the utmost value was rendered to the department of justice in the beef trust investigation at Chicago; prosecutions were followed up and fines inflicted. The cotton leak scandal in the agricultural department was investigated and the responsible parties located. What was done in connection with lottery investigations is disclosed in a letter just sent to me by the United States attorney for Delaware, running as follows:

The destruction of the Honduras National Lottery company, successor to the Louisiana Lottery company, was entirely the work of the secret service. . . . This excellent work was accomplished by Mr. Wilkie and his subordinates. I thought it might be timely to recall this prosecution.

Lottery Cases and Others.

Three hundred thousand dollars in fines were collected by the government in the lottery cases. Again, the ink contract fraud in the bureau of engraving and printing (a bureau of the treasury department) was investigated by the secret service and the guilty parties brought to justice. Mr. Tawney stated in the debate that this was not investigated by the secret service, but by a clerk "down there," conveying the impression that the clerk

was not in the secret service. As a matter of fact, he was in the secret service. His name was Moran, and he was promoted to assistant chief for the excellence of his work in this case. The total expense for the office and field force of the secret service last year was \$135,000, and by this one investigation they saved to the government over \$100,000 a year. Thanks to the restriction imposed by congress, it is now very difficult for the secretary of the treasury to use the secret service freely even in his own department—for instance, to use them to repeat what they did so admirably in the case of this ink contract. The government is further crippled by the law forbidding it to employ detective agencies. Of course the government can detect the most dangerous crimes and punish the worst criminals only by the use either of the secret service or of private detectives. To hamper it in using the one and forbid it to resort to the other can insure to the benefit of none save the criminals.

Secretary Cortelyou Sustained.

The facts above given show beyond possibility of doubt that what the secretary of the treasury and I had both written prior to the enactment of the obnoxious provision and what I have since written in my message to the congress state the facts exactly as they are. The obnoxious provision is of benefit only to the criminal class and can be of benefit only to the criminal class. If it had been embodied in the law at the time when I became president, all the prosecutions above mentioned and many others of the same general type would either not have been undertaken or would have been undertaken with the government at a great disadvantage, and many and probably most of the chief offenders would have gone scot free instead of being punished for their crimes.

Such a body as the secret service, such a body of trained investigating agents, occupying a permanent position in the government service and separate from local investigating forces in different departments, is an absolute necessity if the best work is to be done against criminals. It is by far the most efficient instrument possible to use against crime. Of course the more efficient an instrument is the more dangerous it is if misused. To the argument that a force like this can be misused it is only necessary to answer that the condition of its usefulness if handled properly is that it shall be so efficient as to be dangerous if handled improperly. Any instance of abuse by the secret service or other investigating force in the departments should be unsparingly punished, and congress should hold itself ready at any and all times to investigate the executive departments whenever there is reason to believe that any such instance of abuse has occurred. I wish to emphasize my more than cordial acquiescence in the view that this is not only the right of congress, but emphatically its duty. To use the secret service in the investigation of purely private or political matters would be a gross abuse. But there has been no single instance of such abuse during my term as president.

The President's Appeal.

In conclusion, I most earnestly ask in the name of good government and decent administration, in the name of honesty and for the purpose of bringing to justice violators of the federal laws wherever they may be found, whether in public or private life, that the action taken by the house last year be reversed. When this action was taken the senate committee, under the lead of the late Senator Allison, having before it a strongly worded protest (Appendix D) from Secretary Cortelyou like that he had sent to Mr. Tawney, accepted the secretary's views, and the senate passed the bill in the shape presented by Senator Allison. In the conference, however, the house conferees insisted on the retention of the provision they had inserted, and the senate yielded. [Appendix D consists of a letter from Secretary Cortelyou to the late William B. Allison, chairman of the senate committee on appropriations, dated May 5, 1908. In it the secretary protests vigorously against the amendment to the sundry civil bill prohibiting the payment of "any person detailed or transferred from the secret service division." He gives reasons for such details and in an appendix cites instances in which the secret service men have been detailed effectively in cases outside the treasury department.]

The chief of the secret service is paid a salary utterly inadequate to the importance of his functions and to the admirably way in which he has performed them. I earnestly urge that it be increased to \$6,000 per annum. I also urge that the secret service be placed where it properly belongs and made a bureau in the department of justice, as the chief of the secret service has repeatedly requested. But, whether this is done or not, it should be explicitly provided that the secret service can be used to detect and punish crime wherever it is found.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The White House, Jan. 4, 1909.

THE BUSH & SAFFORD PIANO CONTEST

In Which a Resident of Alachua County Will be Awarded a Beautiful Howard Piano, and 18 Certificates Valued at \$3,150.00 Furnished by The Bush & Safford Piano Co., Sole Representatives of The R. S. Howard Co. of Miami, The Contest to be Conducted by THE SUN in Behalf of Bush & Safford. : : : : :

\$3,550.00

One \$400.00 HOWARD Piano will be given to the person residing in the County of Alachua who receives the highest number of votes between December 15th, 1908, and 10 p. m. April 15th, 1909 : : : : :

Additional Gifts

In addition to the Piano there will be issued by The Bush & Safford Piano Co., on a new \$400 Howard Piano, eighteen Transferable Due Bills, same to be used as a first or initial payment on a new Howard Piano. These due bills will be given in this voting contest as follows, to persons residing in Alachua County:

To the first six receiving the next to the highest vote, a due bill for each for \$200.00
To the second six receiving the next highest vote, a due bill for each for \$175.00
To the next six receiving the next highest vote, a due bill for each for \$150.00

These due bills may be used by the winners or can be disposed of to anyone for any value they may see fit, and will be worth their face value upon the purchase of one of these new pianos.

In the event of a tie for any prize offered, a prize similar in all respects thereto will be given each of those tying.

How and Where to Get Votes

The following merchants will give one vote for every cent paid into their establishments for goods which they handle:

The Gainesville Hardware Co.
Phifer Bros.
Hyde & Tench.

Where Votes May Be Cast

Ballot boxes will be found in the establishments of the merchants giving votes and at The Sun office. Votes sent by mail must be directed to the Voting Contest Department of The Sun, Gainesville, Florida.

Rules and Regulations

1. The contest is open to anyone living in Alachua county who is known by the conductors of the contest or vouched for by some reputable person, to them well known.

2. No employee, attaché or relative of the proprietors of the above-named firms are eligible to participate in this contest, and will participate in no manner.

3. In the event of a misunderstanding between candidates or others interested in this contest, such controversy may be referred to the conductors of contest, who alone are the persons qualified to render decisions.

4. In the event a candidate decides to withdraw from the race, such candidate will not be allowed to transfer votes to the credit of another candidate in the contest.

THE DAILY SUN

	Old Subscribers	New Subscribers
\$1.25—Three months' subscription	400 votes	500 votes
\$2.50—Six months' subscription	1,000 votes	1,200 votes
\$5.00—One year's subscription	3,000 votes	3,500 votes
For a club of five one-year subscriptions (before April 1, 1909)	25,000 votes	30,000 votes
For a club of ten six-months' subscriptions (before April 1)	25,000 votes	30,000 votes

There is no limit to the number of clubs each contestant may secure.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

\$1.00—One year's subscription	400 votes
For a club of five one-year subscriptions	4,000 votes

There is no limit to the number of clubs each contestant may secure.

Soliciting votes by candidates or friends within the stores

distributing votes is undesired by the proprietors

T. F. THOMAS UNDERTAKING CO.

FULL LINE OF
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AGENTS FOR
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Personal attention to all matters in
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MESSAGE ON THE SECRET SERVICE

(Continued from Page One.)

It is stated that the meaning of my words is that "the majority of the congressmen are in fear of being investigated by secret service men," and that "congress as a whole was actuated by that motive in enacting the provision in question," and that this is an impeachment of the honor and integrity of the congress. These statements are not, I think, in accordance with the facts. The portion of my message referred to runs as follows:

Last year an amendment was incorporated in the measure providing for the secret service which provided that there should be no detail from the secret service and no transfer therefrom. It is not too much to say that this amendment has been of benefit only and could be of benefit only to the criminal classes. It deliberately introduced for the purpose of diminishing the effectiveness of war against crime it could not have been better devised to this end. It forbade the practice that had been followed to a greater or less extent by the executive heads of various departments for twenty years. To those practices we owe the securing of the evidence which enabled us to drive great lotteries out of business and secure a quarter of a million of dollars in fines from their promoters. These practices have enabled us to discover some of the most outrageous frauds in connection with the theft of government land and government timber by great corporations and by individuals. These practices have enabled us to get some of the evidence indispensable in order to secure the conviction of the wealthiest and most formidable criminals with whom the government has to deal, both those operating in violation of the anti-trust law and others. The amendment in question was of benefit to no one excepting to these criminals, and it seriously hampers the government in the detection of crime and the securing of justice. Moreover, it not only affects departments outside of the treasury, but it tends to hamper the secretary of the treasury himself in the effort to utilize the employees of his department so as to best meet the requirements of the public service. It forbids him from preventing frauds upon the customs service, from investigating irregularities in branch mints and assay offices and has seriously crippled him. It prevents the promotion of employees in the secret service, and this further discourages good effort. In its present form the restriction operates only to the advantage of the criminal, of the wrongdoer.

The chief argument in favor of the provision was that the congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated by secret service men. Very little of such investigation has been done in the past. But it is true that the work of the secret service agents was partly responsible for the indictment and conviction of a senator and a congressman for land frauds in Oregon. I do not believe that it is in the public interest to protect criminals in any branch of the public service, and, exactly as we have again and again during the past seven years prosecuted and convicted such criminals who were in the executive branch of the government, so in my belief we should be given ample means to prosecute them if found in the legislative branch. But if this is not considered desirable a special exception could be made in the law prohibiting the use of the secret service force in investigating members of the congress. It would be far better to do this than to do what actually was done and strive to prevent or at least to hamper effective action against criminals by the executive branch of the government.

Asks Careful Reading of Message.

A careful reading of this message will show that I said nothing to warrant the statement that "the majority of the congressmen were in fear of being investigated by the secret service men" or "that congress as a whole was actuated by that motive." I did not make any such statement in this message. Moreover, I have never made any such statement about congress as a whole nor, with a few inevitable exceptions, about the members of congress in any message or article of speech. On the contrary, I have always not only deprecated, but vigorously resented, the practice of indiscriminate attack upon congress and indiscriminate condemnation of all congressmen, wise and unwise, fit and unfit, good and bad alike. No one realizes more than I the importance of co-operation between the executive and congress, and no one holds the authority and dignity of the congress of the United States in higher respect than I do. I have not the slightest sympathy with the practice of judging men for good or for ill not on their several merits, but in a mass, as members of one particular body or one caste. To put together all men holding or who have held a particular office, whether it be the office of president or judge or senator or member of the house of representatives, and to class them all, without regard to their individual differences, as good or bad seems to me utterly indefensible, and it is equally indefensible whether the good are confounded with the bad in a heated and unwarranted clamor upon all. I would neither attack nor defend all executive officers in a mass, whether presidents, governors, cabinet officers or officials of lower rank, nor would I attack or defend all legislative officers in a mass. The safety of free government rests very largely in the ability of the plain, everyday citizen to discriminate between those public servants who serve him well and those public servants who serve him ill. He cannot thus discriminate if he is persuaded to pass judgment upon a man not with reference to whether he is a fit or unfit

of the service, but with reference to whether he is an executive or legislative officer, whether he belongs to one branch or the other of the government. Says Message is Misunderstood.

This allegation in the resolution, therefore, must certainly be due to an entire failure to understand my message.

The resolution continues, "That the president be requested to transmit to the house any evidence upon which he based his statements that the chief argument in favor of the provision was that the congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated by secret service men." This statement, which was an attack upon no one, still less upon the congress, is sustained by the facts.

If you will turn to the Congressional Record for May 1 last, pages 5553 to 5590, inclusive, you will find the debate on this subject. Mr. Tawney of Minnesota, Mr. Smith of Iowa, Mr. Sherley of Kentucky and Mr. Fitzgerald of New York appear in this debate as the special champions of the provision referred to. Messrs. Parsons, Bennet and Driscoll were the leaders of those who opposed the adoption of the amendment and upheld the right of the government to use the most efficient means possible in order to detect criminals and to prevent and punish crime. The amendment was carried in the committee of the whole, where no votes of the individual members are recorded, so I am unable to discriminate by mentioning the members who voted for and the members who voted against the provision, but its passage, the journal records, was greeted with applause. I am well aware, however, that in any case of this kind many members who have no particular knowledge of the point at issue are content simply to follow the lead of the committee which had considered the matter, and I have no doubt that many members of the house simply followed the lead of Messrs. Tawney and Smith without having had the opportunity to know very much as to the rights and wrongs of the question.

I would not ordinarily attempt in this way to discriminate between members of the house, but as objection has been taken to my language, in which I simply spoke of the action of the house as a whole, and as apparently there is a desire that I should thus discriminate I will state that I think the responsibility rested on the committee on appropriations under the lead of the members whom I have mentioned.

Now as to the request of the congress that I give the evidence for my statement that the chief argument in favor of the provision was that the congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated by secret service men.

The part of the Congressional Record to which I have referred above entirely supports this statement. Two distinct lines of argument were followed in the debate. One concerned the question whether the law warranted the employment of the secret service in departments other than the treasury, and this did not touch the merits of the service in the least. The other line of argument went to the merits of the service, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, and here the chief if not the only argument used was that the service should be cut down and restricted because its members had "shadowed" or investigated members of congress and other officers of the government. If we examine the debate in detail it appears that most of what was urged in favor of the amendment took the form of the simple statement that the committee held that there had been a "violation of law" by the use of the secret service for other purposes than suppressing counterfeiting (and one or two other matters which can be disregarded) and that such language was now to be used as would effectively prevent all such "violation of law" hereafter. Mr. Tawney, for instance, says, "It was for the purpose of stopping the use of this service in every possible way by the departments of the government that this provision was inserted," and Mr. Smith says, "Now, that was the only way in which any limitation could be put upon the activities of the secret service." Mr. Fitzgerald followed in the same vein, and by far the largest part of the argument against the employment of the secret service was confined to the statement that it was in "violation of law." Of course such a statement is not in any way an argument in favor of the justice of the provision. It is not an argument for the purpose of stopping the use of this service in every possible way by the departments of the government making it conceivable to have been the law. There was both by implication and direct statement the assertion that it was the law and ought to be the law, that the secret service should only be used to suppress counterfeiting and that the law should be made more rigid than ever in this respect.

No Restrictions on Service.

Incidentally I may say that in my judgment there is ample legal authority for the statement that this appropriation law to which reference was made imposes no restrictions whatever upon the use of the secret service men,

It Tastes Good and Creates Strength

Vinol

the famous cod liver and iron medicine, without oil. Vinol is much better than cod liver oil and emulsions, because, while it contains all the medicinal value they do, it disagrees with no one.

As a body builder and strength creator for old people, delicate children, after sickness, and for stubborn coughs and colics Vinol is unequalled.

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but not as to the expenditure of the money appropriated. Mr. Tawney in his statement that he had in his possession a letter from the secretary of the treasury received a few days ago in which the secretary of the treasury "himself admits that the provisions under which the appropriation has been made have been violated year after year for a number of years in his own department." I append herewith as Appendix A the letter referred to. [Appendix A is a letter from Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou to the chairman of the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives, dated April 29, 1908, protesting against the proposed law abridging the right of the secretary of the treasury to detail secret service men to work in other divisions of his department. Such abridgement, he declared, would be "distinctly to the advantage of violators of criminal statutes of the United States."] It makes no such admission as that which Mr. Tawney alleges. It contains, on the contrary, as you will see by reading it, an "emphatic protest against any such abridgement of the rights delegated to the secretary of the treasury by existing law" and concludes by asserting that he "is quite within his rights in thus employing the service of these agents" and that the proposed modification which Mr. Tawney succeeded in carrying through would be "distinctly to the advantage of violators of criminal statutes of the United States." I call attention to the fact that in this letter of Secretary Cortelyou to Mr. Tawney, as in my letter to the speaker quoted below, the explicit statement is made that the proposed change will be for the benefit of the criminals, a statement which I simply reiterated in public form in my message to the congress this year and which is also contained in effect in the report of the secretary of the treasury to the congress.

"Private Conduct" of Members.

A careful reading of the Congressional Record will also show that practically the only arguments advanced in favor of the limitation proposed by Mr. Tawney's committee beyond what may be supposed to be contained by implication in certain sentences as to "abuses" which were not specified were those contained in the repeated statements of Mr. Sherley. Mr. Sherley stated that there had been "pronounced abuses growing out of the use of the secret service for purposes other than those intended," putting his statement in the form of a question, and in the same form further stated that the "private conduct" of "members of congress, senators" and others ought not to be investigated by the secret service and that they should not investigate a "member of congress" who had been accused of "conduct unbecoming a gentleman and a member of congress." In addition to these assertions, couched as questions, he made one positive declaration that "this secret service at one time was used for the purpose of looking into the personal conduct of a member of congress." This argument of Mr. Sherley, the only real argument as to the merits of the question made on behalf of the committee on appropriations, will be found in columns 1 and 2 of page 5556 and column 1 of page 5557 of the Congressional Record. In column 1 of page 5556 Mr. Sherley refers to the impropriety of permitting the secret service men to investigate men in the departments, officers of the army and navy and senators and congressmen. In column 2 he refers to officers of the navy and members of congress. In column 1, page 5557, he refers only to members of congress. His speech puts most weight on the investigation of members of congress.

Newspaper Article Reproduced.

What appears in the record is filled out and explained by an article which appeared in the Chicago Inter Ocean of Jan. 3, 1904, under a Washington headline and which marked the beginning of this agitation against the se-

cret service. It was a special article of about 3,000 words, written, as I was then informed and now understand, by Mr. L. W. Busbey, at that time private secretary to the speaker of the house. I enclose a copy of certain extracts from the article, marked Appendix B. [Appendix B consists of an article from the Chicago Inter Ocean of Jan. 3, 1904. In this John E. Wilkie, chief of the secret service of the treasury department, is described as ambitious of becoming "the Fouché of the United States," in imitation of Fouché, chief of the secret police of Napoleon. The article declares that the secret service bureau exists without warrant of congressional action and that congress has always been antagonistic to the bureau.] It contained an utterly unwarranted attack on the secret service division of the treasury department and its chief. The opening paragraph includes, for instance, statements like the following:

He (the chief of the division) and his men are desirous of doing the secret detective work for the whole government and are not particular about drawing the line between the lawbreakers and the law-breakers. They are ready to shadow the former as well as the latter.

Then, after saying that congress will insist that the men shall only be used to stop counterfeiting, the article goes on:

Congress does not intend to have a Fouché or any other kind of minister of police to be used by the executive departments against the legislative branch of the government. It has been so used, and it is suspected that it has been so used recently. . . . The legislative branch of the government will not tolerate the meddling of detectives, whether they represent the president, cabinet officers or only themselves. . . . Congressmen resented the secret interference of the secret service men who for weeks shadowed some of the most respected members of the house and senate. . . . When it was discovered that the secret service men were shadowing congressmen there was a storm of indignation at the capitol, and the bureau came near being abolished and the appropriation for the suppression of counterfeiting cut off. . . . At another time the chief of the secret service had his men shadow congressmen with a view to involving them in scandals that would enable the bureau to dictate to them as the price of silence. . . . The secret service men have shown an inclination again to shadow members of congress, knowing that to be lawmakers, and this is no joke. Several of the departments have asked congress for secret funds for investigation, and the treasury department wants the limitation removed from the appropriation for suppressing counterfeiting. This shows a tendency toward Fouchéism and a secret watch on other officials than themselves.

At the time of this publication the work of the secret service which was thus assailed included especially the investigation of great land frauds in the west and the securing of evidence to help the department of justice in the beef trust investigations at Chicago, which resulted in successful prosecutions.

In view of Mr. Busbey's position I have accepted the above quoted statements as fairly expressing the real meaning and animus of the attacks made in general terms on the use of the secret service for the punishment of criminals. Furthermore, in the performance of my duty to endeavor to find the feelings of congressmen on public questions of note I have frequently discussed this particular matter with members of congress, and on such occasions the reasons alleged to me for the hostility of congress to the secret service, both by those who did and by those who did not share this hostility, were almost invariably the same as those set forth in Mr. Busbey's article. I may add, by the way, that these allegations as to the secret service are wholly without foundation in fact.

Real Issue Named.

But all of this is of insignificant importance compared with the main, the real issue. This issue is simply, Does congress desire that the government shall have at its disposal the most efficient instrument for the detection of criminals and the prevention and punishment of crime, or does it not? The action of the house last May was emphatically an action against the interest of justice and against the interest of law abiding people and in its effect of benefit only to lawbreakers. I am not now dealing with motives. Whatever may have been the motive that induced the action of which I speak, this was beyond all question the effect of that action. Is the house now willing to remedy the wrong?

For a long time I contented myself with endeavoring to persuade the house not to permit the wrong, speaking informally on the subject with those members who, I believed, knew anything of the matter and communicating officially only in the ordinary channels, as through the secretary of the treasury. In a letter to the speaker on April 30, protesting against the cutting down of the appropriation vitally necessary if the interstate commerce commission was to carry into effect the twentieth section of the Hepburn law, I added: "The provision about the employment of the secret service men will work very great damage to the government in its endeavor to prevent and punish crime. There is no more foolish outcry than this against 'spies.' Only criminals need fear our detectives." (I enclose copy of the whole letter, marked "Appendix C.") The postscript is blurred in my copy

book, and two or three of the words cannot be deciphered.) [Appendix C is a letter dated April 30, 1908, from President Roosevelt to Speaker Cannon protesting against the cutting down in the sundry civil bill of the appropriation for secret service work. "The only people benefited would be the very worst of the big railroad men whose misdeeds we are trying to prevent or correct," were the words of the president.] These methods proved unavailing to prevent the wrong. Messrs. Tawney and Smith and their fellow members on the appropriations committee paid no heed to the protests, and as the obnoxious provision was incorporated in the sundry civil bill it was impossible for me to consider or discuss it on its merits, as I should have done had it been in a separate bill. Therefore I have now taken the only method available, that of discussing it in my message to congress, and as all efforts to secure what I regard as proper treatment of the subject without recourse to plain speaking had failed I have spoken plainly and directly and have set forth the facts in explicit terms.

[Here the president gives instances in which the secret service men have been instrumental in securing convictions of offenses against federal laws, citing especially the land fraud cases.] In connection with the Nebraska prosecution the government has by decree secured the return to the government of over a million acres of grazing land, in Colorado of more than 2,000 acres of mineral land, and suits are now pending involving 150,000 acres more.

Department's Agents Dishonest.

All these investigations in the land cases were undertaken in consequence of Mr. Hitchcock, the then secretary of the interior, becoming convinced that there were extensive frauds committed in his department, and the ramifications of the frauds were so far-reaching that he was afraid to trust his own officials to deal in thoroughgoing fashion with them. One of the secret service men accordingly resign-

(Continued on Page Seven.)

BUSINESS CARDS

DR. GEO. S. WALDO,

—DENTIST—

Graham Building, East Main Street N.
Bell Phone 51. Also Long Distance.

DR. EDWARD CLARK

DENTIST,

14, 16 and 18 Graham Bldg., Gainesville, Florida.

DR. DEVERE B. MORRIS,

....DENTIST....

Office over Gainesville National Bank.
Phone 200.

DR. J. H. ALDERMAN,

DENTIST.

Office over Dutton & Co's. Bank,
Phone 250, Gainesville, Fla.

W. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

GAINESVILLE, Alachua Co., FLA.
Office in Haymans Block.

FERDINAND BAYER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA.

Can sell your city property, (improved and unimproved), phosphate, trucking and farming lands. Send him a list of what you offer for sale. 2149m

J. A. CARLISLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW
And Solicitor in Equity

Real Estate, Conveyancing and General Practice. All business promptly attended to. Office next door to Sun office.
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA.

FRANK CLARK. THOS. W. FIELDING

CLARK & FIELDING
Lawyers.

Practice in all Courts, State and Federal.

Offices over Gainesville National Bank
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

NEWS OF CITY AND COUNTY CONDENSED

MATTERS OF GENERAL INTEREST SECURED BY SUN REPORTERS.

What Has Happened and What Is Going to Happen—Personal and Social Items of the City.

Get a meal ticket at Rutherford's Restaurant.

Frank Townsend of Rex was in the city yesterday.

Special attention paid to ladies' trade at Rutherford's Restaurant.

Smoke "Made in Gainesville" cigars. On sale at Moseley's and at O'Neill's.

Chas. Stevens of Alachua was among the visitors to Gainesville Monday.

Remember the Electric Theatre tonight. Two hours of picture exhibition for ten cents.

J. N. DeLoach, the sawmill man of LaCrosse, was transacting business in the city yesterday.

S. R. Harville and Mr. Malphurs of near Alachua were among the out-of-town visitors here Monday.

Plank's Chill Tonic is guaranteed to cure chills, fever, colds and lagrippe. Price 25c. Sold by W. M. Johnson.

Capt. A. Paul left yesterday for Pensacola, where he goes in the interest of the field division of the land office.

"Better be safe than sorry." See Chas. Ellis; he'll tell you why. Cleaning, pressing, repairing, 223 W. Main street, South.

Typewriter ribbons for sale at this office. The best on the market. Only seventy-five cents. All colors and for use on all standard machines.

Afternoons at 3:30 o'clock and night at 7:30 the Electric Theatre for ten cents will show a new series of pictures at every performance.

The Woman's Home Mission Society of the Methodist church will meet in the lecture-room this afternoon at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

Miss Adah B. Coughlin of St. Augustine, who has been visiting in the city for the past several days as the guest of Mrs. J. E. Futch, returned to her home yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Shields Warren left yesterday for Apalachicola, where they will spend the next few days visiting the latter's parents, Judge and Mrs. H. W. Johnston.

Miss Louise Simpson left yesterday for Williston, where she was called in her official capacity as a trained nurse. She will be absent probably for the next two weeks.

The mullet season has opened again and I am now prepared to fill all orders for same. Small mullet, 5 for 25c; large size, three and four for 25c. All bottom fish 8c per pound. E. A. Davies. Phone 93.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their child, should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, for use throughout the season. They break up colds, croup, feverishness, constipation, teething disorders, H. adaebe and stomach troubles. THESE POWDERS NEVER FAIL. Sold by all Drug Stores. The Sun's agent any substitute. A trial package will be sent FREE to any mother who will address Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

Lyman Hall of Rochelle was a visitor to the city yesterday.

Cedar Key oysters, day and night at Rutherford's Restaurant.

W. C. Hague of Hague station was meeting his many friends in the city yesterday.

No better way of passing a fine evening than that of going to the Electric Theatre.

Geo. R. Ellis left yesterday for points in South Florida in the interest of his company.

Tenno Mixson, who is taking a business course in Jacksonville, returned to that city yesterday.

Ferdinand Bayer left yesterday for Ferdinandina, where he goes on business for the next few days.

Children under 12 years of age admitted to the Electric Theatre at the afternoon shows for five cents.

E. C. Chitty, one of the old-time merchants of Micanopy, was visiting relatives in this city yesterday.

Pure apple cider delivered to any part of the city for one dollar per gallon. N. Francisco. Phone 223.

T. W. Shands, president of the Gainesville National Bank, left yesterday for a short business visit to Bronson.

5 CENTS DOZEN—That's my price on nice, ripe bananas as long as the 175 bunches last. Free delivery; phone 223. N. Francisco.

Capt. Neel of Newberry, one of the prominent citizens and president of the bank there, was meeting his friends in the city yesterday.

Miss Julia Wainwright, one of the assistants in the musical department of Stetson University at DeLand, left yesterday to resume her duties at that institution.

There is nothing more refreshing than a glass of pure apple cider. I sell it for 5 cents a glass or one dollar per gallon. N. Francisco. Phone 223.

The DeLand contingent attending the Stetson University will leave today for that place to resume their studies, as follows: Miss Julia Bunch, Lawrence Jackson and Cora Bennett.

"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease—croup. Has been used with success in our family for eight years."—Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo, N. Y.

W. M. Blitch and Ivin Holder of Santa Fe were among the visitors to the city yesterday. They came over for the purpose of attending the meeting of the old Confederate veterans.

If you want to become the proud possessor of a home by paying monthly instalments in amounts Less Than Rent, you can do it. Consult B. R. Colson and be convinced. Call or write to me, 114 West Main Street, Gainesville, Fla.

If you want to buy a high-grade piano, see the Jesse French Piano Co., at their new store in the Graham building. We handle the Steinway, Starr, Richmond, Remington and Chase pianos. We will make terms to suit. S. A. Ledbetter, Manager.

175 bunches of bananas left, and they must move. I see by the imitation fruit stores that they also have lots of bananas, and I will sell you nice, choice fruits as long as they last for only 5 cents dozen. Free delivery; phone 223. N. Francisco.

GREAT MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE

BEGINNING WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 6

Greatest Sale of the Season



A Complete Assortment of Superior Make of Undermuslins is offered our customers at Astonishingly Low Prices.

They are made of the best materials, according to lines approved by the most refined and artistic tastes, under perfect sanitary conditions, and each operation must pass critical inspection.

To the woman desiring to supply her wardrobe with an assortment of beautiful as well as serviceable lingerie, this opportunity means a saving of from 25 to 50 per cent.

The goods are not of the sweat-shop make. They are manufactured under conditions in complete harmony with the highest interests of labor and laws of the State, and we are only able to offer these remarkable values because of the willingness on the part of the manufacturer and ourselves to work for the very smallest possible margin of profit.

Descriptive Circular will be left at Your door. Watch for it

Phone 109 MRS. R. WILSON Phone 109

..WANTS..



5c

PER LINE

Each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Six words make a line; no fractional lines, every word over each six counting as an additional line. CASH in advance must accompany all orders for insertions in this column.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five-room cottage. Apply 200 E. Liberty street.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, modern conveniences. Apply 501 East Seminary street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House and lot corner East Main and Boundary streets. Apply at Daily Sun office.

WANTED.

WANTED—Experienced stenographer at the Experiment Station. Apply at Number Six.

WANTED—A room with some private family; will furnish own bedding, etc.; am a good University student; must be reasonable; address "R. V." care Sun office.

A WARNING

I have learned that certain persons are representing themselves as my agents, and taking orders for large pictures, claiming I will finish them. In some cases the pictures given them have been lost—pictures of dear ones which cannot be replaced. I have no agents, never did, and never will. I deal directly with my patrons for all work. I cannot afford to pay an agent out of the prices I charge for the high-grade work I do. Bring your enlarging to me and you are not only insured against loss of the original, but will have a guarantee of a faithful likeness and an artistic finish.

SMITH'S STUDIO,

Gainesville, — — — — Florida.

Miss N. Norton

Novelties, Books, Stationery Souvenirs, Sheet Pictures and Picture Frames . . .

206 East Liberty Street, GAINESVILLE, . . . FLORIDA

GEO. W. DAVENPORT PIANO and ORGAN

Tuner and Rebuilder

Estimates Furnished Promptly and All Work Guaranteed.

References: Lucklen & Bates, Gainesville, FLA. Address: Gainesville, FLA.

THIS COUPON NOT GOOD AFTER JAN. 16, 1909

Bush & Safford—The Gainesville Sun PIANO CONTEST

5 VOTES

For _____

Address _____

This Coupon may be cast at The Sun office or at either of the stores connected with the contest. NOT GOOD AFTER JANUARY 16, 1909

YOUR BUSINESS

Solicited and will be appreciated by

PHIFER BROS., BANKERS :: Gainesville, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Brown and little son, Jule, left yesterday for points in the southern part of the State. They are originally from Atlanta and have been here visiting the family of Geo. I. Dalg of East Gainesville.

W. H. Gay, one of the old and substantial citizens of the Bell section, was among the visitors to the city Monday. He states that the roads are very dry and dusty and the country is badly in need of rain.

A Happy New Year to all patrons of the Brown House. Resolve to save your good wife the worry of superintending the preparation of a Sunday dinner; we will serve you an excellent one for less money. The Brown House.

H. A. Pickett of Newberry was looking after some business matters in this city Monday. He owns property here and is contemplating building here not later than this summer on his property adjoining the Government lot.

Additional Short Items on Page Two.

First National Bank

GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Established Over Twenty Years

Capital, \$100,000.00 Surplus, \$50,000.00

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

....We Solicit Your Business....

Jas. M. Graham, Pres. E. Baird, Vice-Pres.

H. E. Taylor, Cashier Lee Graham, Asst Cashier